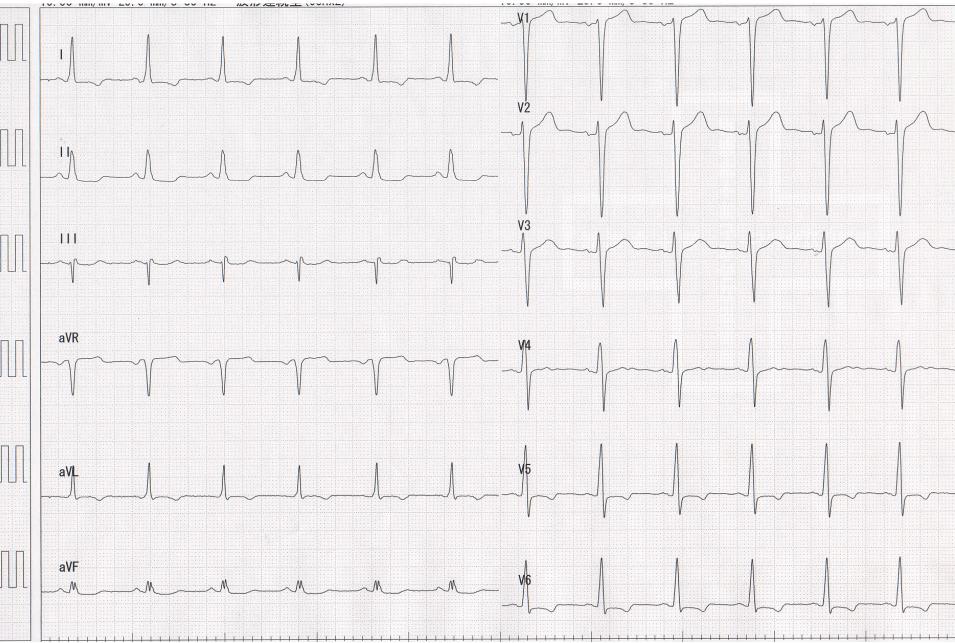
## **NSR Case 3**



## Case 3 (1<sup>st</sup>, Feb)

- 43 yrs-old, male
- This patient was transferred by the ambulance because of the serious dyspnea. By several emergent examinations he was turned out to suffer from serious congestive heart failure, and was hospitalized to get treatment.
- He underwent coronary angiography for his chest symptom, and there was no evidence of the problems regarding his coronary artery.
- Risk factors:

Hypertension, Hyperlipidemia, Obesity, Diabetes Mellitus

## 2DE case 3

			M	-mode(E	3-mode	)			
AoD	33 mm	(20~38)	LAD		46 mm	(20~40)			
IVSd	8 mm	(6~12)	LVDd		76 mm	(30~54)	LVPWd	9 1	mm (6~12)
IVSs	9 mm		LVDs		67 mm (22~38)		LVPWs 13 mm		mm
FS	11 %	(30~50)	EF(Teichholz)	)	23 %	(58~80)	EF(Simpso	n) 27 9	(58~80)
	LV inflow	IVC							
E		吸気		10 mm					
A		0.45 m/s	呼気	15 mm					
E/A		1.31							
E DcT		242 ms							
1) 大動脈弁		斜 3)肺動脈弁				4) 三尖弁	physiological		
AR	なし NONE MR		生理的physiologica		PR no		one	TR	生理的
AS	なし MS		なし		PS			RV-RA PG	mmHg
LV-Ao PG	mmHg MVA(Tra		ce) cm <sup>2</sup>		EDPG		mmHg	Vmax	m/s
Vmax	m/s	MVA(PH	T)	cm					
		H		> ( )		AD		Moderate hyp Severe hypok	okinesis

Data regarding the dyssynchrony of the left ventricle will be shown during the broadcasting.